

E - Content for B.A semester 2 –paper 1

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Status & Role

1. Concept of Status complex- Davis
2. Concept of Status Set –Merton
3. Concept of Status Sequence –Merton
4. Types of status- Ascribed & Achieved-(given by Linton)
5. Basis of Ascribed Status;
 - a. Sex
 - b. Age
 - c. Kinship
 - d. Race
 - e. Caste
6. Basis of Achieved Status;
 - a. Education
 - b. Nature of occupation
 - c. Invention & Innovation
 - d. Political Power
 - e. Property
7. Concept of Role Set –Merton
8. Role is “The behavioural aspect of status”
9. “Role is the Dynamic aspect of status”- Robert Bierstedt

Social structure

1. Principles of Sociology –Herbert spencer (in this book spencer described the concept of social structure)
2. Concept of social structure described by various thinkers like- Durkhiem, radcliffe brown , Nadel ,Parsons & Merton etc.
3. Radcliffe Brown belongs to structural functional school of sociology
4. Radcliffe Brown said “ the components of social structure are human beings”
5. Talcott Parsons described four types of social structure based on four social values;
 - a. Universalistic social values
 - b. Particularistic social values
 - c. Achieved social values
 - d. Ascribed social values
6. Elements of social structure according to Radcliffe Brown;
 - a. External elements- social morphology &social physiology
 - b. Internal elements- social interaction, social values, social institutions &social process
7. Social Structure – written by Murdock
8. According to S.F.Nadel “social structure refers to a definable articulation & an ordered arrangement of parts”

Norm’s sanctions &values

1. Norms are standards of group behavior
2. “Norms are a type of controls through them society regulates the behaviour of its members.”- K. Davis
3. According to Davis types of social norms are-**Folkways** (refer to the ways of the people), **Mores**(when folkways act as regulators of behaviour they become mores), **Religion** (it refers to the faith in some supernatural power), **Morals** (it is concerned with the conception of goodness& evil) & **Law**
4. Folkways – written by W.G.Sumner
5. Lapiere described four major types of Sanctions;
 - a. Physical Sanctions
 - b. Economic Sanctions
 - c. Psychological Sanctions
 - d. Anticipated Sanctions

Co-operation, Competition, Conflict Acculturation, Assimilation & Integration

1. Maciver & Page divided the co-operation into two types;
 - a. Direct Co-operation
 - b. Indirect Co-operation
2. Ogburn & Nimcoff divided the co-operation into three types;
 - a. General Co-operation
 - b. Friendly Co-operation
 - c. Aid Oriented Co-operation
3. Green divided the co-operation into three types;
 - a. Primary Co-operation
 - b. Secondary Co-operation
 - c. tertiary Co-operation
4. Characteristics of Competition;
 - a. Indirect Conflict
 - b. Continuous
 - c. Universal
 - d. based on rules
5. Types of Competition;
 - a. Direct
 - b. Indirect
6. Davis described types of Competition as;
 - a. Partial
 - b. Full/complete
7. Gillin & Gillin described types of Competition as;
 - a. Personal
 - b. Racial

- c. Class
- d. Political
- e. International

8. “Assimilation is a process whereby attitudes of many persons are united and thus develop into a united group.” - **Bogardus**

Socialization

1. H.M Johnson described the four stages of socialization;
 - a. Oral stage
 - b. Anal stage
 - c. Identification/oedipal stage
 - d. Adolescence
 - e. Adulthood
 - f. Old stage
2. Primary Agencies of socialization;
 - a. Family
 - b. Play Group
 - c. Neighbourhood
 - d. School
 - e. Kinship groups
 - f. Religious groups
3. Secondary Agencies of socialization;
 - a. Economic Group
 - b. Social Groups
 - c. Cultural Groups
4. Theory of “looking Glass-Self”- C.H.Cooley
5. Mind Self & Society – written by G.H.Mead
6. Theory of “Self” –G.H.Mead
7. Concept of Significant Others & Generalized Others- G.H.Mead
8. Concept of Human Mind –Freud
9. Concept of Id Ego & Super Ego- Freud
10. Concept of Collective Representations – Durkheim

11. Stratification- it is the division of society into permanent groups or categories linked with each other by the relationship of superiority & Subordination-**Gisbert**
12. “Social Stratification is a horizontal division of society into higher & lowers social units.”- **R.W Murray**
13. Factors of Social Straification;
 - a. Biological;
 1. Age
 2. Sex
 3. Birth
 - b. Racial;
 - c. Socio-Cultural ;
 1. Occupation
 2. Individual Ability
 3. Religious Knowledge
 4. Power
 5. Property
14. Bottomore described 4 types of social stratification;
 - a. Slavery
 - b. Estates
 - c. Caste
 - d. Class
15. Types of Social Change;
 - a. Evolution
 - b. Progress
 - c. Development
 - d. Revolution
 - e. Adaptation

Social Change

16. Economic deterministic theory of social change – Karl Marx
17. The Decline of the west – written by Oswald Spenglar
18. A Study of History –written by Arnold Toynbee
19. Challenge & Response theory – Toynbee
20. Concept of Sensate & Ideational Culture – Pitrim Sorokin
21. Social & Cultural Dynamics – written by Sorokin
22. Conflict theory – Karl Marx

