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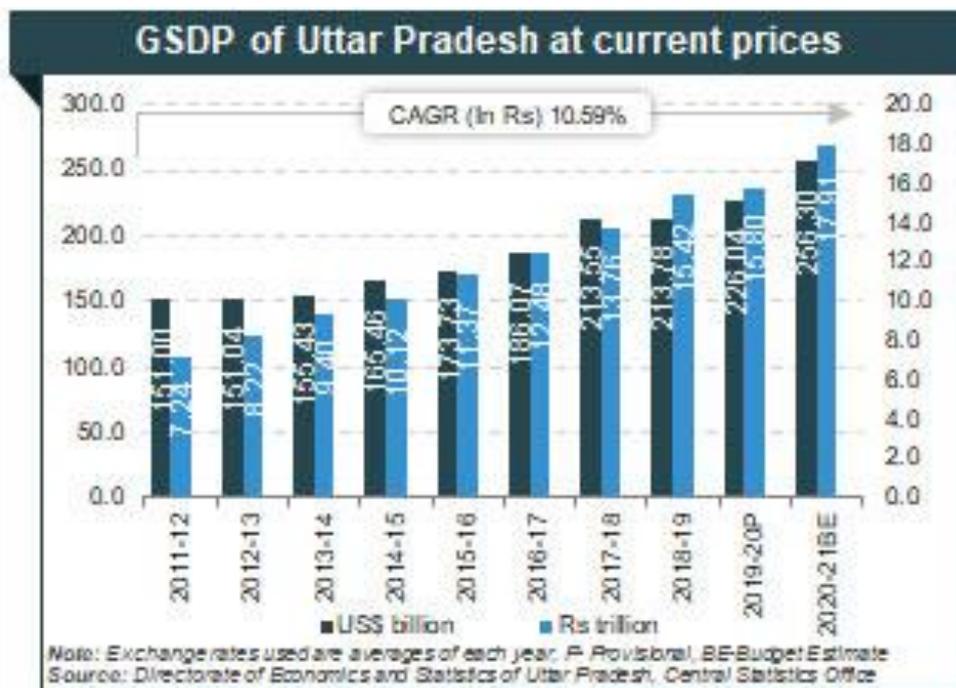
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Industrial Development & Economic Growth in Uttar Pradesh



Uttar Pradesh is the most populous state in India, with a large pool of skilled, semi-skilled and unskilled labour. Alternately, the population is also looked upon as the largest consumer base

in the country with around 200 million people. It is the largest producer of food grains among all states in India and accounted for about 17.83 per cent share in the country's total food grain output in 2016-17. Food grain production in the state in 2017-18 stood at 51,252.7 thousand tonnes and 18,416.3 thousand tonnes in 2018-19. Pulses production in the state stood at 2,208.0 thousand tonnes in 2017-18 (4th Advance estimates) and 660.7 thousand tonnes under kharif season in 2018-19 (1st Advance Estimates).

Production of Vegetables stood 1002.64 thousand MT in 2018-19. The state has become a hub for the semiconductor industry with several major players having their offices and research and development (R&D) centres in Noida.

Between 2011-12 and 2019-20, Gross State Domestic Product (GSDP) expanded at a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) of 11.79 per cent to Rs 15.80 trillion (US\$ 226.04 billion).

As of November 2019, Uttar Pradesh had an installed power generation capacity of 25,958 MW (comprising 6,218.20 MW under state utilities, 12,686.94 MW under private utilities & 7,052.86 MW under central utilities).

The state's resources, policy incentives, infrastructure and climate are best suited for investments in diverse sectors such as Information Technology (IT), agro-based and food processing, light engineering goods, sports goods, textiles, leather-based, tourism and biotechnology.

The state has a well-developed social, physical and industrial infrastructure. It also has good connectivity through 48 national highways, six airports and rail links to all major cities. The state has witnessed a high rate of infrastructure growth in the recent past. There has been a considerable rise in the number of industrial clusters/hubs and Public-Private-Partnership (PPP) projects in the infrastructure domain.

The Uttar Pradesh State Industrial Development Corporation (UPSIDC) and the Department of Infrastructure and Industrial Development are responsible for the development of industrial infrastructure in the state.

The state has a robust industrial infrastructure, including 15 industrial areas, 12 specialised parks, four growth centres and industrial infrastructure development centres (IIDC). As of

November 2019, Uttar Pradesh had 20 notified, 13 operational SEZs and 23 formally, approved SEZs. Merchandise exports from Uttar Pradesh reached US\$ 16.29 billion in 2018-19 and US\$ 8.43 billion in April-September 2019.

In 2018, domestic tourist arrivals in the state were 285 million and stood second. Foreign tourist arrivals had crossed over 3.78 million and rank third.

According to the Department of Industrial Policy & Promotion (DIPP), cumulative FDI inflows¹ in Uttar Pradesh, during April 2000 to June 2019, amounted to US\$ 698 million.

In 2019 (up to Oct), 109 investment intentions worth Rs 12,321 crore (US\$ 1763 billion) were filed in Uttar Pradesh.

Some of the major initiatives taken by the government to promote Uttar Pradesh as an investment destination are:

- In December 2019, Zurich Airport International got the approval from state cabinet to develop and construct the Jewar Aiport.
- In 2019-20, state budget of Uttar Pradesh grew by 11.1 per cent, as compared with the state budget in 2018-19. The state government proposed an allocation of Rs 4,79,701.10 crore (US\$ 69.63 billion) for various sectors of the state in 2019-20.
- In 2019, the state recorded the fastest construction of houses under the Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojna with 14.26 lakh houses constructed from 2016-17 to 2019-20.
- As per state budget 2019-20, amount of Rs 2,000 crore (US\$ 286.16 million) has been allocated for 'Smart City Mission'.

Reference:- www.ibef.org , An initiative of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, GoI

Salient Features of Uttar Pradesh Economy

1. Area wise U. P. is the fourth largest state of India and has the largest population its population is around 22 crore which is equivalent to Brazil.

2. The key industries in the state are food processing, IT, tourism, mineral based industries, textiles, handloom and handicrafts, leather and leather based products and sports goods. Mathura has an oil refinery.

3. U. P. is largest producer of milk and has largest number of live-stock largest grower of horticultural crops like guava, mango, peas and potatoes in the country.
U. P accounts for 19% of the total food grain output of the country.

4. U. P is 2nd largest producer of leather products. 2nd largest producer of hydel power and 3rd largest producer of thermal power.

5. U. P has the highest number of Smart Cities identified by the Central Government.

6. U. P is third in total foreign tourist arrivals in India. 2nd in domestic tourist in India.

7. U. P in terms of NSDP it is the 2nd largest economy in the country after Maharashtra.

8. One of the 2 defence corridors of India passes through U. P

9. U. P has largest network of expressway in India.